Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy

Inspec	etion Date: 10/30/2018					
Owner Information						
Owne	Owner Name: Oceanside Terrace Condo Association			Contact Person:		
Addre	ddress: 1801 S. US Hwy 1 (Bldg 9)			Home Phone: (561)	626-0917	
City: .	Jupiter	Zip: 33477			626-0917	
Count	y: Palm Beach			Cell Phone: (843)	301-2743	
Insura	nce Company:	·		Policy #:		
Year o	of Home: 1984	# of Stories: 1		Email: Courtney@sea	abreezecms.com	
accon	E: Any documentation used in pany this form. At least one ph 7. The insurer may ask add	ohotograph must acco	mpany this form to valida	ite each attribute marke	ed in questions 3	
the	tilding Code: Was the structure HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Brown	rd counties), South Flo	rida Building Code (SFBC-	-94)?		
	A. Built in compliance with the a date after 3/1/2002: Building	Permit Application Da	te (MM/DD/YYYY)//			
	B. For the HVHZ Only: Built provide a permit application w	rith a date after 9/1/1994	4: Building Permit Application	For homes built in 1 tion Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	994, 1995, and 1996	
	C. Unknown or does not meet	the requirements of An	swer "A" or "B"			
OH	oof Covering: Select all roof covering: Year of Original Installation/Revering identified.					
	2.1 Roof Covering Type:	Permit Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	No Information Provided for Compliance	
	1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle	/				
	2. Concrete/Clay Tile					
	3. Metal		Prmt#: 18-021743			
	4. Built Up					
	5. Membrane	//				
	☐ 6. Other					
	□ 6. Other	/			Ц	
	A. All roof coverings listed above meet the FBC with a FBC or Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later.					
	B. All roof coverings have a N roofing permit application after					
	C. One or more roof coverings			В".		
	D. No roof coverings meet the	requirements of Answer	er "A" or "B".			
3. <u>Ro</u>	oof Deck Attachment: What is t	he <u>weakest</u> form of roo	of deck attachment?			
	A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.					
	B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance than 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.				rews, nails, adhesives,	
	C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width)OR-					
Inspe	ctors Initials JS Property A	ddress 1801 S. US Hy	wy 1 (Bldg 9) Jupiter, FL 33	3477		

*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or inaccuracies found on the form.



		or greater 182 psf.	resistance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at leas
		D. Reinfo	orced Concrete Roof Deck.
		E. Other:	Plywood Over Battens
		F. Unkno	wn or unidentified.
		G. No att	ic access.
4.			Attachment: What is the WEAKEST roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within side or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type) ails
			Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or
			Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D
	Mi	nimal cond	litions to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:
			Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and
			Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.
		B. Clips	
			Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or
			Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nai position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.
		C. Single	
			Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.
		D. Doubl	1
			Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or
			Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.
		E. Structu	Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.
		F. Other:	
			own or unidentified
		H. No att	ic access
5.			ry: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall acture over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).
		A. Hip R	Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter. Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet
		B. Flat R	less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft
	•	C. Other	Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.
_	C	1 337	
6.	<u>Sec</u>		<u>ater Resistance (SWR)</u> : (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR) (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the
			ing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the
			ng from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.
		B. No SV	
		C. Unkno	own or undetermined.
In	spec	tors Initial	s JS Property Address 1801 S. US Hwy 1 (Bldg 9) Jupiter, FL 33477
*T	his	verificatio	n form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or

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inaccuracies found on the form.

OIR-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/12) Adopted by Rule 69O-170.0155

Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent

7. **Opening Protection:** What is the **weakest** form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? **First**, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. **Second**, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings **and** (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Glazed Openings			Non-Glazed Openings		
		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure		Х		N/A	X	Х
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)			Х			
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007						
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance						
N	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified						
IN	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C						
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection	Х					

A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at
a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval
system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure
and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).

- Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203
- Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203

☐ A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist

- American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
- Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12
- For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
- For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115

X in the table above
☐ A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):
• ASTM E 1886 <u>and</u> ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.)
• SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.)
• For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.)
☐ B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
\square B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
\square B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above

□ C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with

C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in

☐ A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or

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☐ C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).

C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist

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the table above

N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter systems with no documentation) All Glazed openings are protected with					
protective coverings not meeting the requirements of Answer "A", "B", or C" or systems that appear to meet Answer "A" or "B" with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the table above).					
□ N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ove. or no No	on-Glazed openings exist		
N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as table above N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as table above N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as table N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as table N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as table N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as table N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as table N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as table N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as table N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as table N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as table N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings class N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings class N.2 One or More Non-Glazed				Level X in the	
□ N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified a	as Level X in the table abo	ove			
X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more			evel V in the table above		
A. None of Some Glazed Openings One of more	Giazea openings class	and L	ever A in the table above.		
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS M Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes,		_			
Qualified Inspector Name:	License Type:		License or Certificate #:		
James Shumway Inspection Company: J Shumway Inc for	CGC		1516363		
Don Meyler Inspections			(954) 972-7311		
Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license	as a: (check one)				
☐ Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing				mitigation	
☐ Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, F	Florida Statutes.				
■ General, building or residential contractor licensed under S	Section 489.111, Florida S	Statutes.			
\square Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Flo	orida Statutes.				
\square Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Flo	orida Statutes.				
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida S		qualification	ns to properly complete a uniform	n mitigation	
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed u	nder Section 489.111,	Florida St	atutes, or professional engi	neer licensed	
under Section 471.015, Florida Statues, must inspect t	the structures persona	ally and not	through employees or othe	er persons.	
<u>Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize</u> experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspec		o possesses	s the requisite skill, knowled	lge, and	
		C	de la constitución de disconst		
I, <u>James Shumway</u> am a qualified insper	ctor and I personally	periormea	the inspection or (licensed		
contractors and professional engineers only) I had my	employee (N/A, Inspec	tor Is Licen	sed) perform the inspection	1	
	(pi	rint name o	f inspector)		
and I agree to be responsible for his/her work.					
Qualified Inspector Signature:	Da	ate: <u>10/</u>	30/2018		
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gro	oss negligence provide	es a false or	fraudulent mitigation veri	fication form is	
subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insu					
appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution					
certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misco performed the inspection.	onduct of employees a	s if the aut	horized mitigation inspector	<u>r personally</u>	
<u>Homeowner to complete</u> : I certify that the named Qualified Inspector or his or her employee did perform an inspection of the residence identified on this form and that proof of identification was provided to me or my Authorized Representative.					
Signature:	Date:				
•					
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or ut	ters a false or fraudul	ent mitigat	ion verification form with t	he intent to	
obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to which the individual or entity is not entitled commits a misdemeanor					
of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)					
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes only and cannot be used to certify any product or construction feature					
as offering protection from hurricanes.					
Lucy cottons Luckisla 10 Ducy cuts, Address 1001 C 110 H 1 (D11 0) J 1 TV 20177					
nspectors Initials JS Property Address 1801 S. US Hwy 1 (Bldg 9) Jupiter, FL 33477					

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Elevation Photos

1801 S. US Hwy 1 (Bldg 9)







Left Elevation



Back Elevation



Right Elevation

Roof/Attic Photos

1801 S. US Hwy 1 (Bldg 9)





www.windstorminspections.com



Address Number





8d Nails or Greater in Size



Plywood Over Battens



Additional Photos

1801 S. US Hwy 1 (Bldg 9)





Plywood Over Battens



Metal Connector with 3 Nails on the Front Side & 0 Nails on the Opposing Side



1/2" Deck Thickness Confirmed



Metal Connector with 3 Nails on the Front Side & 0 Nails on the Opposing Side



Additional Photos

1801 S. US Hwy 1 (Bldg 9)





Unprotected Window



Impact Rated Skylight



Unprotected Glazed Entry Door



Roof Mitigation Upgrade Report

The roof covering (i.e. shingles, tiles or metal panels) and the sheathing beneath it form one of your home's critical shields of protection from high winds and rain. When parts of the roof covering and sheathing below it blow away, the inside of your home becomes completely exposed to the elements. This significantly increases the risk to both life and property.

One of the purposes of this inspection is to document the presence or absence of certain attic and roof features that have proven to be valuable in high-wind conditions. While the age and condition of your current roof was *not* part of a windstorm mitigation inspection, certain items have been identified that in the future could increase your level of protection, as well as a potentially decrease your premium.

When it becomes necessary to replace your existing roof, an investment in the specific features outlined below should be discussed with a licensed professional. Your insurance agent can provide you with details of potential policy credits that may assist you in making your decision.

Roof-to-Wall Attachment Our report indicates that the existing roof-to-wall attachment(s) do not meet the requirements on the Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection form for Single Wrap Straps. This definition requires at least two nails on the front side and at least one on the other of every strap in the attic, on every truss or rafter. As it is often difficult to access every truss or rafter, the ideal time to upgrade this feature is when the roof deck is being replaced. In some circumstances, this work can be done on its own; consult a professional for details. Retrofits to existing roof to wall connections should be permitted with the local building department, and installations should follow the manufacturer's guidelines.

Secondary Water Resistant ("SWR") Barrier. Our report indicates that your roof does not currently have 1) strips or sheets of a self-adhering modified bitumen barrier attached directly to the top of the roof deck sheathing, or 2) a high-strength, closed-cell foam adhesive barrier on all the seams throughout your attic. The presence of either of these types of valid SWR barriers provides increased protection against water intrusion. Before having your roof replaced, be sure to inquire of your roofing professional regarding the cost of these options.

Please contact DMI with questions about this report, or to schedule a re-inspection following the installation of one or more of these specific features. You should contact DMI at (800) 469-0434, and Press Option 1 to schedule a re-inspection. For customer service, you can:

- Dial (800) 469-0434 and press Option 6,
- · Open a Live Chat with us at www.windstorminspections.com, or
- · Email us at research@dmifla.com

DMI thanks you for the opportunity to evaluate your home and present the ways in which you can help mitigate the unique risks associated with windstorms. It has been our pleasure to serve you.



Wall Construction Estimate

1801 S. Us Hwy 1 (bldg 9)

Please note that at as a courtesy to your insurance agent or carrier, we have included below our estimate of the Wall Construction percentages of your home, classified between wood frame, masonry/concrete, or other wall construction types.

Wood Frame:	_20_%
Masonry/Concrete:	80_%
Other	%

- DMI assumes no liability whatsoever for the accuracy of this wall construction estimate.
- These percentages are provided as a courtesy and on a best-efforts basis, based on a cursory survey of the property
 while separately performing a windstorm mitigation inspection. This estimated data was previously provided on the
 windstorm mitigation inspection itself, and as many industry participants would still like to see it along with the mitigation
 inspection, DMI has elected to voluntarily provide it.
- Note that per the guidelines provided by certain insurance carriers, 1) gable end walls are included in the above wall
 construction percentages, and 2) the openings associated with doors and windows are not taken into account when
 calculation the estimated percentages.